

BABICZKY Béla

NEW PHASE IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE UDC.—The article analyses, beside the introduction of the structural changes occurring during the past 15 years in the UDC (ceasing of groups or their removal), the recent tendencies of development (the shaping of new common subdivisions and the modernization of earlier ones, introduction of new methods of notation). The revisal endeavours, enforcing the recent results of classification theory, the most important common principle of which is the ensurance of co-ordinating the classes, are described. It deals with the problems of a mechanized producing as regards the Master version of UDC, finally, with the work and results of committees (re-organized FID/CCC and revision committees) in charge of the realization of proposals for development.

659–671. p.

CSÚRY István

INTERNATIONAL BOOK NUMBER—IS IT A BOOK NUMBER IN LIBRARIES TOO?—Hopes and concerns about the library adoption of the ISBN.—Nowadays in Hungary there are no possibilities to utilize cooperatively the bibliographic data banks of an on-line system. In the author's opinion, however, the traditional library processes should be brought up-to-date, considering this possibility. The ISBN, as a universal call-number, might be suitable for this purpose. At the Kossuth Lajos University in Debrecen since 1978, under the author's leadership, the ISBN is applied as location mark for monographs. The study analyses the advantages and disadvantages of this process, further on, it describes the modernized library working processes, neglecting the individual signatures.

672–679. p.

FARAGÓ Lászlóné

CITATION ANALYSIS ON THE BASIS OF TWO SOCIAL SCIENTIFIC JOURNALS.—Citation analysis is practically a utilization analysis, in particular, if its result is compared with the existing resources. The present analysis is based on the volumes 1975–1976 of the journal entitled "Sociology and Reality". The analysis refers to the chronological, language and in conformity with origin divisions of document types and the cited documents. The results of the analysis are shown in tables. The comparison of citations with the sociological journals, available in Hungarian libraries, proves that their utilization is almost accidental: the frequency of citation is median 1. The study touches upon the anomalies appearing in the formal fields of citations.

680–692. p.

KÁROLYI Ágnes

INVESTIGATION OF CITATIONS IN THE PEDAGOGICAL LITERATURE.—To which extent do we utilize the foreign pedagogical journals arriving in Hungary? The study gives a general survey based on the analysis of investigations, covering the citations in the volumes 1975–1976 of three leading Hungarian pedagogical journals (Hungarian Pedagogy, Review of Higher Education, Pedagogical Review). It presents in tabular form the division of citations during the investigated two years by document types and by the language of citations. The author arranges the cited documents by the ERIC document typology. The author examines finally in which libraries the cited journals are accessible and whether a connection exists between the copies available and the frequency of citations.

693–700. p.

Inlandish Panorama

RÓZSA György

DIRECTIVES OF SETTING INTO ACTION THE SOCIAL SCIENTIFIC INFORMATION SYSTEM.—The article presents the theses and the concerning discussions of a round-table conference organized by the Hungarian Academy of Sciences. In the course of the discussion an agreement turned out in the following questions: 1. information is an integral part of science; 2. social scientific information must be built upon libraries; 3. it is right to entrust the scientific orientation of information work to the interested users (university, research institution specialists). Participants in the round-table conference considered it proper that social scientific information should consist of sub-systems by subject fields under the methodological guidance of information centres each.

701–705. p.

JORDÁN Katalin

LIST OF RESEARCHES DEALING WITH LIBRARY TOPICS AND STARTED IN 1977/78.

706–711. p.

PELEJTEI Tibor

THE FIRST DECADE OF LIBRARY PUBLIC RELATIONS IN HUNGARY.—From 1968 to 1978 public relations began to develop considerably in Hungary. The study makes clear the concept of public relations, the methods of public relations serving the interests of libraries and social environment. It reports on Hungarian publications

published during ten years, on the public discussions and on a successful central course, as a result of which the things to be done in libraries in respect of public relations became clearer and developed. Thus, the Public Relations Department within the Centre for Library Science and Methodology was established.

712–721. p.

Chronicle

BILINCSI Lajos

THE ACTIVITY OF THE COUNCIL OF COLLEGE LIBRARY LEADERS.—As a result of the reform carried out in the 70s in Hungarian higher education, the number of colleges and their institutions increased. In addition to the presentation of tasks and problems accompanying the quantitative increase, the report reveals other factors, too, influencing the work of the Council and College Libraries. These are: 1. heterogeneous team of colleges in many aspects; 2. variety of organizational solutions; 3. different development level. The article analyses, mainly, functions which connect over 50 libraries belonging to colleges as to maintaining institutions and which determine their activity development and, last but not least, their cooperation.

722–726. p.

Outlook

NELSON, D. M.

CITATION ANALYSIS IN THE FINE ARTS.—This article, published in the journal *Special Libraries*, 68.vol. 1977. 11.no. 390–395.p. is summarized.

727–730. p.

DÉRI Miklósné

READERS TRAINING IN THE USE OF UNIVERSITY LIBRARIES.—From the beginning of the early 70s in the Scandinavian countries a number of investigations analysed the university students' reading habits and demands. The investigations called the attention to the fact that the information of readers is unsatisfactorily. In the middle of the 70s courses were organized at the English and Scandinavian universities for readers training. The courses are, in general, not library-oriented but organically connected with the students' professional knowledge. Training is carried out collectively by teachers and by the library staff. In the course of different types of readers, they are instructed in the use of information tools, further on, they are made acquainted with the resources

necessary for learning and/or research.—The review is prepared on the basis of the nos. 10, 11, 12 and 14 of the Chalmers Tekniska Högskola, Biblioteket-Publikation.

731–738. p.

SUMAROKOV, L. N.—POLUSKIN, V. A.

COOPERATION OF SOCIALIST COUNTRIES IN THE FIELD OF INFORMATION.—Summary of the article Sotrudnichestvo socialisticheskikh stran v oblasti informacionnoj dejatel'nosti, published in Nauchno technicheskaja. informacija, Ser.1. 1977. 11–12.no. 74–78.p.

739–740. p.

VINOGRADOV, V. A.

SOCIAL SCIENTIFIC INFORMATION IN THE SOVIET UNION.—The article entitled Razvitie informacii po obschestvennie naukam v SSSR, published in Sovetskaja Bibliografija, 1977. 5.no. 27–33.p. is summarized.

741–742. p.

GAPOCSKA, M. P.

THE MISON, INION (INTERNATIONAL SOCIAL SCIENTIFIC INFORMATION SYSTEM) AND THE SOCIAL SCIENTIFIC INFORMATION.—Abridged lecture of the deputy director at the Social Scientific Information Institute of the Soviet Academy of Sciences, given in Budapest.

743–748. p.

MILLER, G.

"ALL FOR RECONSTRUCTION": LIBRARY SERVICE IN A REUNIFIED VIETNAM.—Summary of the article published in the International Library Review, 1978. 10.no. 109–118.p.

749–750. p.

Reviews

FOSKETT, A. C.: The UDC. The history, present status and future prospects of a large general classification scheme. London, Clive Bingley, 1973. 171 p.

(Rev. by ZSEMBERI Anikó)

751–755. p.

MASZANOV, Ju. I.—NITKINA, N. V.—TITOVA, Z. D.: Ukazateli soderzhanija russkikh zhurnalov i prodolzhauschihsja izdanij 1755—1970. (Bibliography of the repertory including periodicals and periodical publications in Russian language) Moscow, Kniga, 1975. 437 (2) p.

(Rev. by KERTÉSZ Gyula)

756—759. p.

KÖNYVTÁRI FIGYELŐ (LIBRARY REVIEW). Repertory 1955—1974. Compil. SZINAINÉ LÁSZLÓ Zsuzsa. Budapest, OSZK—KMK—NPI. 1978. 465 p.

(Rev. by PÉTER László)

760—765. p.